reporting period or the percentage of Medicare discharges that had been admitted from that referring hospital during the long-term care hospital's or satellite's RY 2005 cost reporting period.

- (3) For cost reporting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2009, 25 percent of the total number of Medicare discharges that were admitted to the long-term care hospital or to the satellite facility of a long-term care hospital from all referring hospitals not co-located with the long-term care hospital or with the satellite facility of a long-term care hospital to the long-term care hospital to the long-term care hospital during the cost reporting period.
- (4) In determining the percentage of Medicare discharges admitted from the referring hospital under this paragraph, patients on whose behalf a Medicare high cost outlier payment was made at the referring hospital are not counted toward this threshold.

 $[72\ \mathrm{FR}\ 26993,\ \mathrm{May}\ 11,\ 2007,\ \mathrm{as}\ \mathrm{amended}\ \mathrm{at}\ 73\ \mathrm{FR}\ 26840,\ \mathrm{May}\ 9,\ 2008;\ 73\ \mathrm{FR}\ 29711,\ \mathrm{May}\ 22,\ 2008;\ 74\ \mathrm{FR}\ 44000,\ \mathrm{Aug}.\ 27,\ 2009;\ 75\ \mathrm{FR}\ 50416,\ \mathrm{Aug}.\ 16,\ 2010]$ 

## §412.540 Method of payment for preadmission services under the long-term care hospital prospective payment system.

The prospective payment system includes payment for inpatient operating costs of preadmission services that are—

- (a) Otherwise payable under Medicare Part B;
- (b) Furnished to a beneficiary on the date of the beneficiary's inpatient admission, and during the calendar day immediately preceding the date of the beneficiary's inpatient admission, to the long-term care hospital, or to an entity wholly owned or wholly operated by the long-term care hospital; and
- (1) An entity is wholly owned by the long-term care hospital if the long-term care hospital is the sole owner of the entity.
- (2) An entity is wholly operated by a long-term care hospital if the long-term care hospital has exclusive responsibility for conducting and overseeing the entity's routine operations, regardless of whether the long-term

care hospital also has policymaking authority over the entity.

- (c) Related to the inpatient stay. A preadmission service is related if—
- (1) It is diagnostic (including clinical diagnostic laboratory tests); or
- (2) It is nondiagnostic when furnished on the date of the beneficiary's inpatient admission; or
- (3) On or after June 25, 2010, it is nondiagnostic when furnished on the calendar day preceding the date of the beneficiary's inpatient admission and the hospital does not attest that such service is unrelated to the beneficiary's inpatient admission.
  - (d) Not one of the following-
  - (1) Ambulance services.
- (2) Maintenance renal dialysis services.

[75 FR 50416, Aug. 16, 2010]

## § 412.541 Method of payment under the long-term care hospital prospective payment system.

- (a) General rule. Subject to the exceptions in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, long-term care hospitals receive payment under this subpart for inpatient operating costs and capital-related costs for each discharge only following submission of a discharge bill
- (b) Periodic interim payments—(1) Criteria for receiving periodic interim payments. (i) A long-term care hospital receiving payment under this subpart may receive periodic interim payments (PIP) for Part A services under the PIP method subject to the provisions of §413.64(h) of this subchapter.
- (ii) To be approved for PIP, the long-term care hospital must meet the qualifying requirements in §413.64(h)(3) of this subchapter.
- (iii) As provided in §413.64(h)(5) of this subchapter, intermediary approval is conditioned upon the intermediary's best judgment as to whether payment can be made under the PIP method without undue risk of the PIP resulting in an overpayment to the provider.
- (2) Frequency of payment. (i) For long-term care hospitals approved for PIP and paid solely under Federal prospective payment system rates under §§ 412.533(a)(5) and 412.533(c), the intermediary estimates the long-term care